

Model Based Testing of a Game Engine

using a Mono/.NET port of GraphWalker

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About Unity



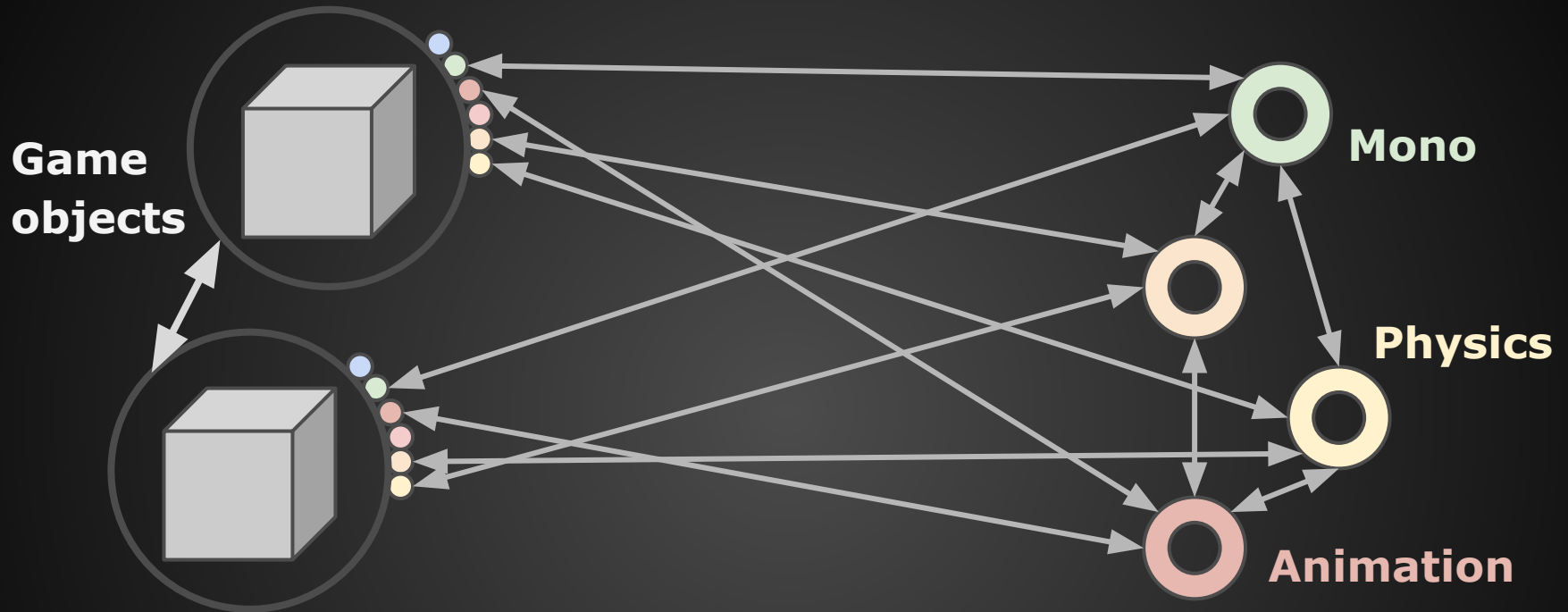
Ori and the Blind Forest - an upcoming adventure game created in Unity

Integrated development environment for creating games and other interactive virtual content (Windows/Mac OS X)

- Over 20 supported runtime platforms
- 100 core product developers, 15 test developers
- User base: 3.3 million registered developers
- End user reach: 600 million people



Game engine complexity



Game engine software testing is complex!

- Thousands of game objects in a virtual environment ...
- Reacting to input from a system of interacting sub-engines ...
- Through interfaces called Components ...
 - Embedded Mono scripting framework interface
- Executed in frame-based fashion in real-time



Unity QA Challenges

Automation

- Teams: Test Developers and Test Framework Developers
- **Large scope of automation frameworks**
 - Unit, Integration, Runtime, Scene-based, Model-based, Performance, Graphics, Import, ...

← over 3000
automated tests!

Manual testing

- Teams: Student Workers and Test Engineers
- Integrated bug reporting system, dedicated user test groups
- Continuous functional, usability and regression testing
- Regular exploratory and release testing

Challenges

- Large test domain and fast development pace
- Low reuse of test artifacts from manual testing in automation
- Automation focused testing on unit-level functionality



Model Based Testing at Unity

Tools are expected to be robust - robustness requires high-level functional and integration testing!

Model Based Testing (MBT)

- Flexible test scope and execution parameters
 - Better product exploration, tests retaining value over time
- Model as a test artifact
 - Easier maintenance, additional source of documentation

Spec Explorer

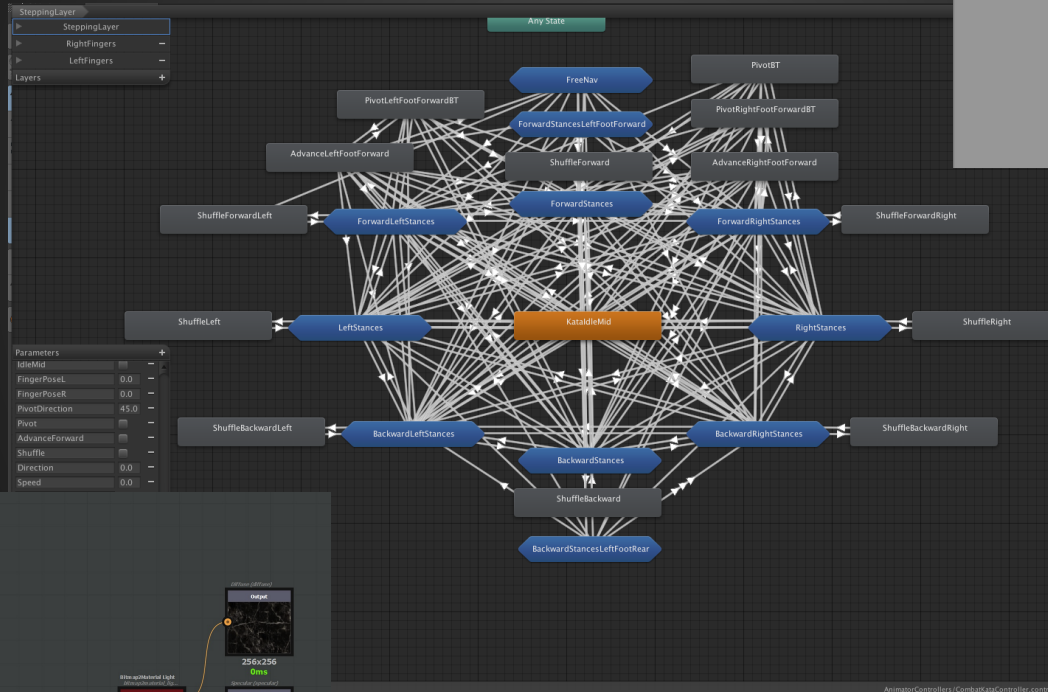
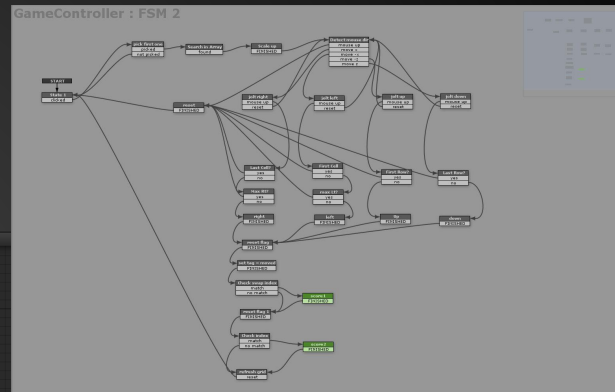
- Dedicated modeling language and exploration workflow
- Conformance testing of system state in a slice of the model

GraphWalker

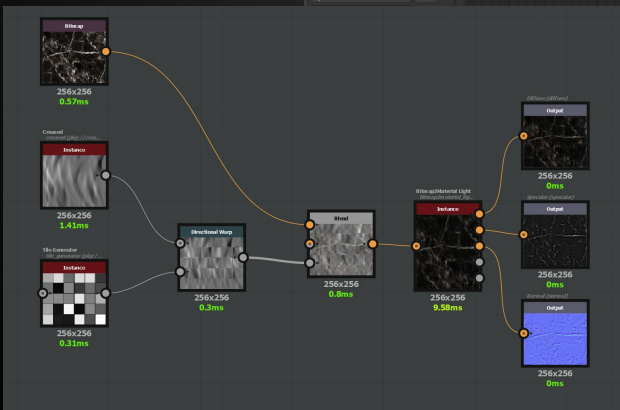
- Lightweight workflow focused on visual model design
- Run-time binding with an implementation class



character AI behaviour graph →



← animation graph

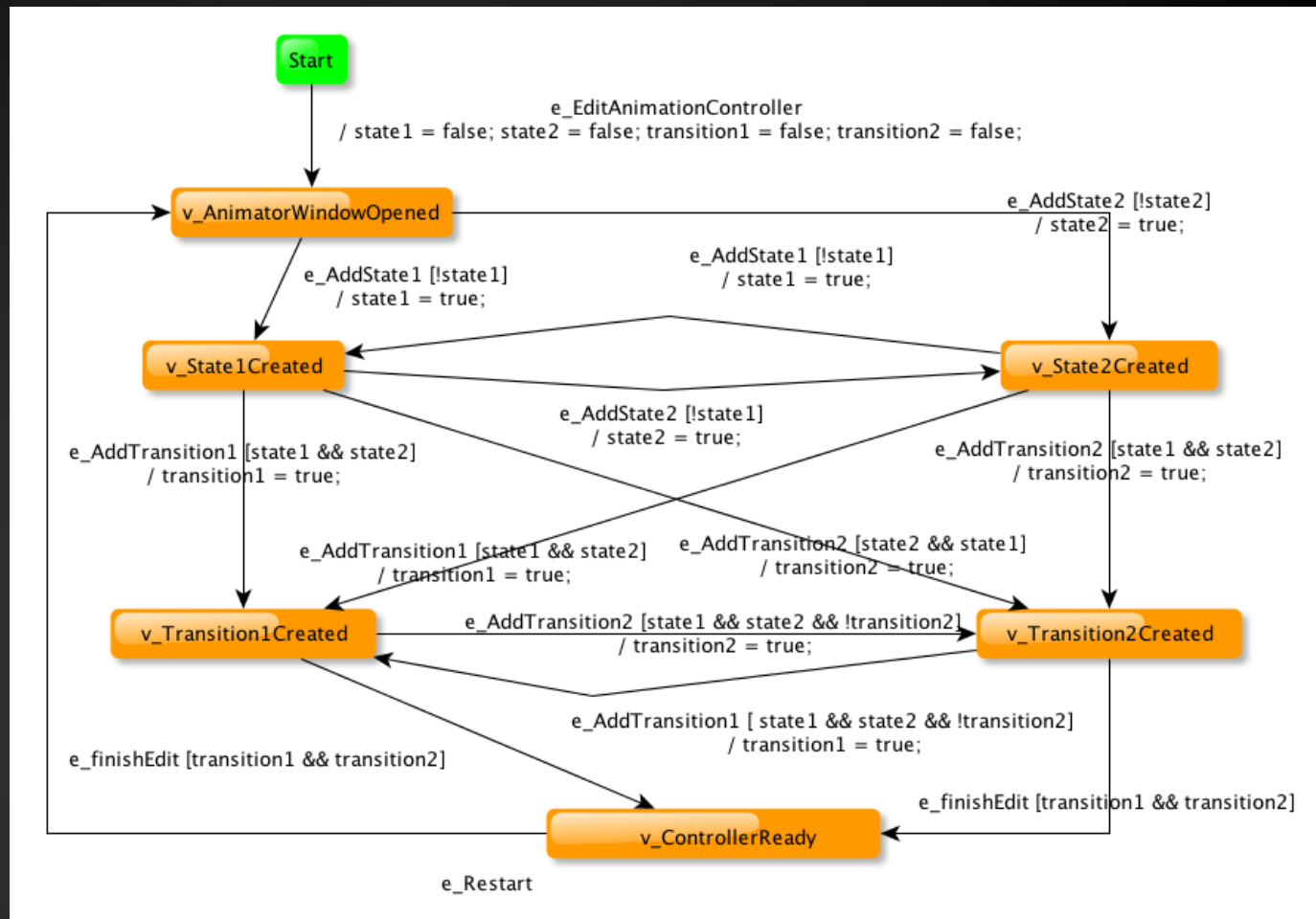


← procedural texture generation graph



yEd Model

6 states
14 transitions

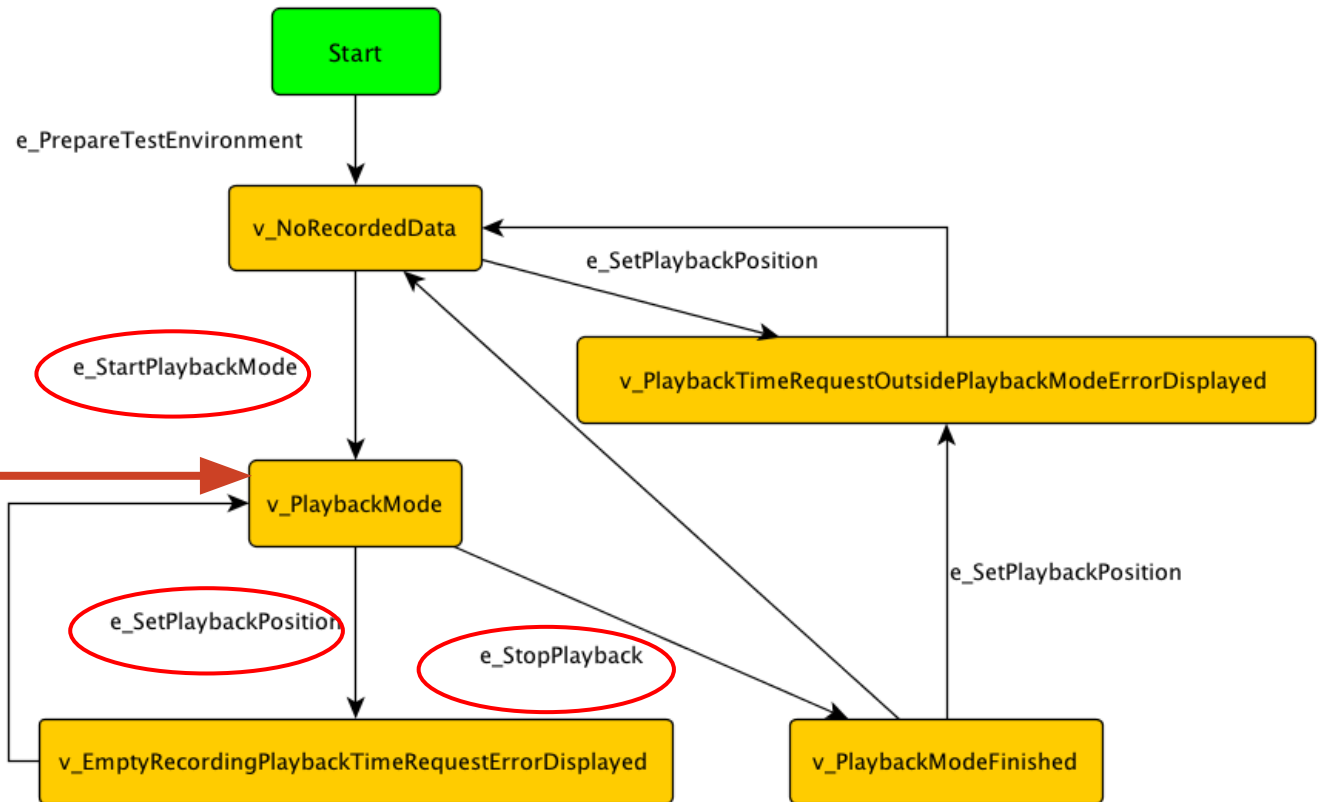


Animation State Machine Model

- Scenario: creating a simple state machine for animation
- Model created by non-programmers
- All logic covered by Action annotations
- Implementation required only 30 lines of code



undesired
system
state



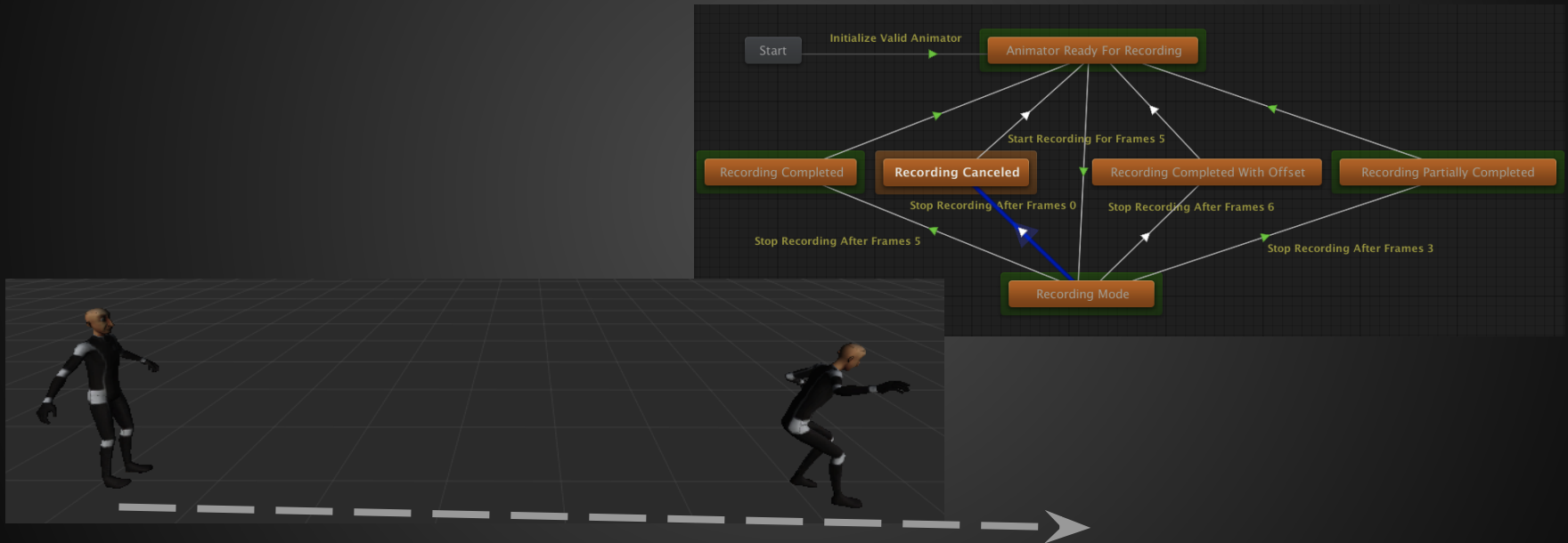
Animation Recording Model (negative test)

- Scenario: testing how animation playback system handles interaction with an empty animation recording
- Model design process uncovers unnecessary system states which translate to unwanted workflow complexity

Unity GraphWalker

Basic feature set

- Online and offline model traversals, coverage tracking
- Real-time and frame-by-frame preview and feedback
- Direct (double-click) access from model UI to code



Implementation

- Java GraphWalker compatibility
- Mono runtime / CaaS
- Coroutine-based execution

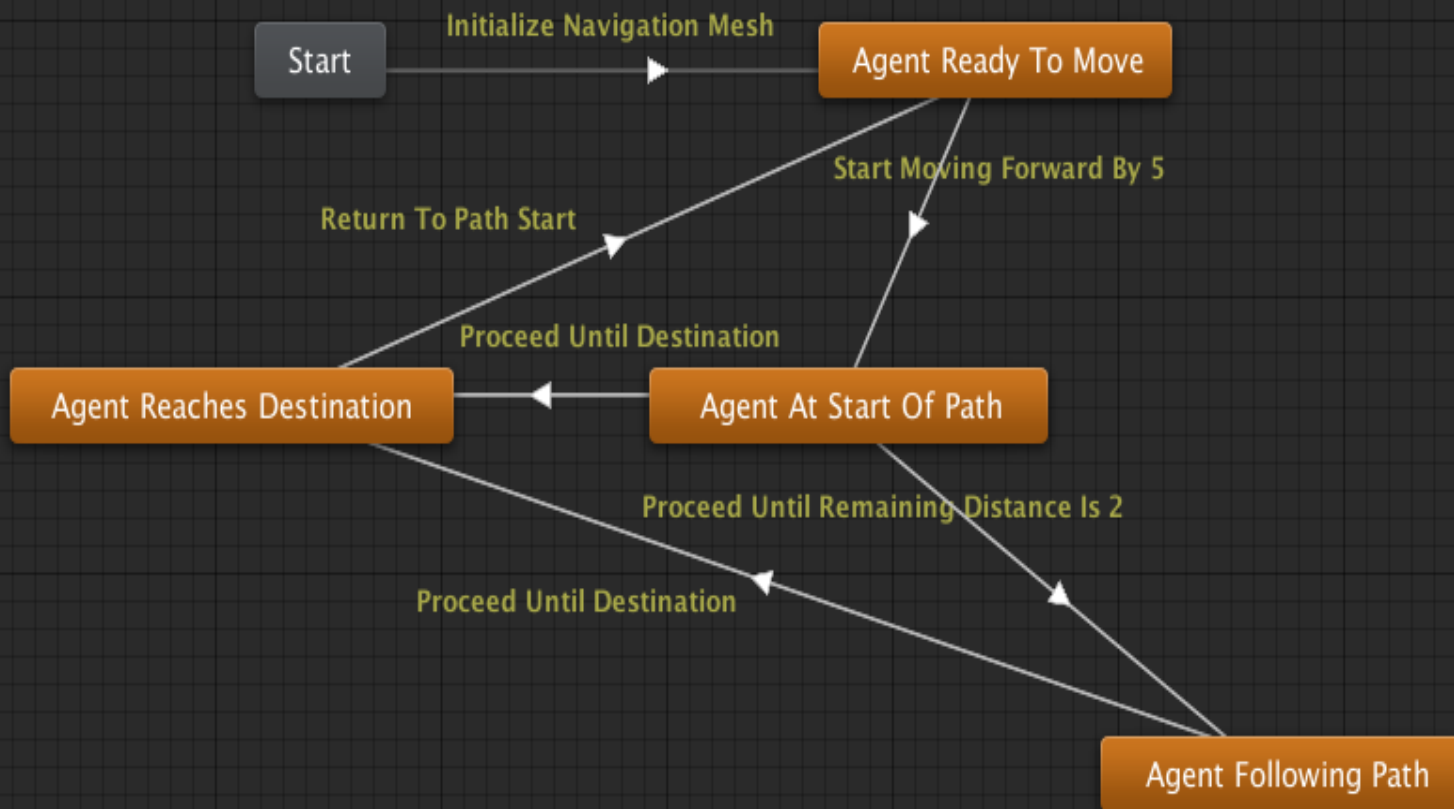


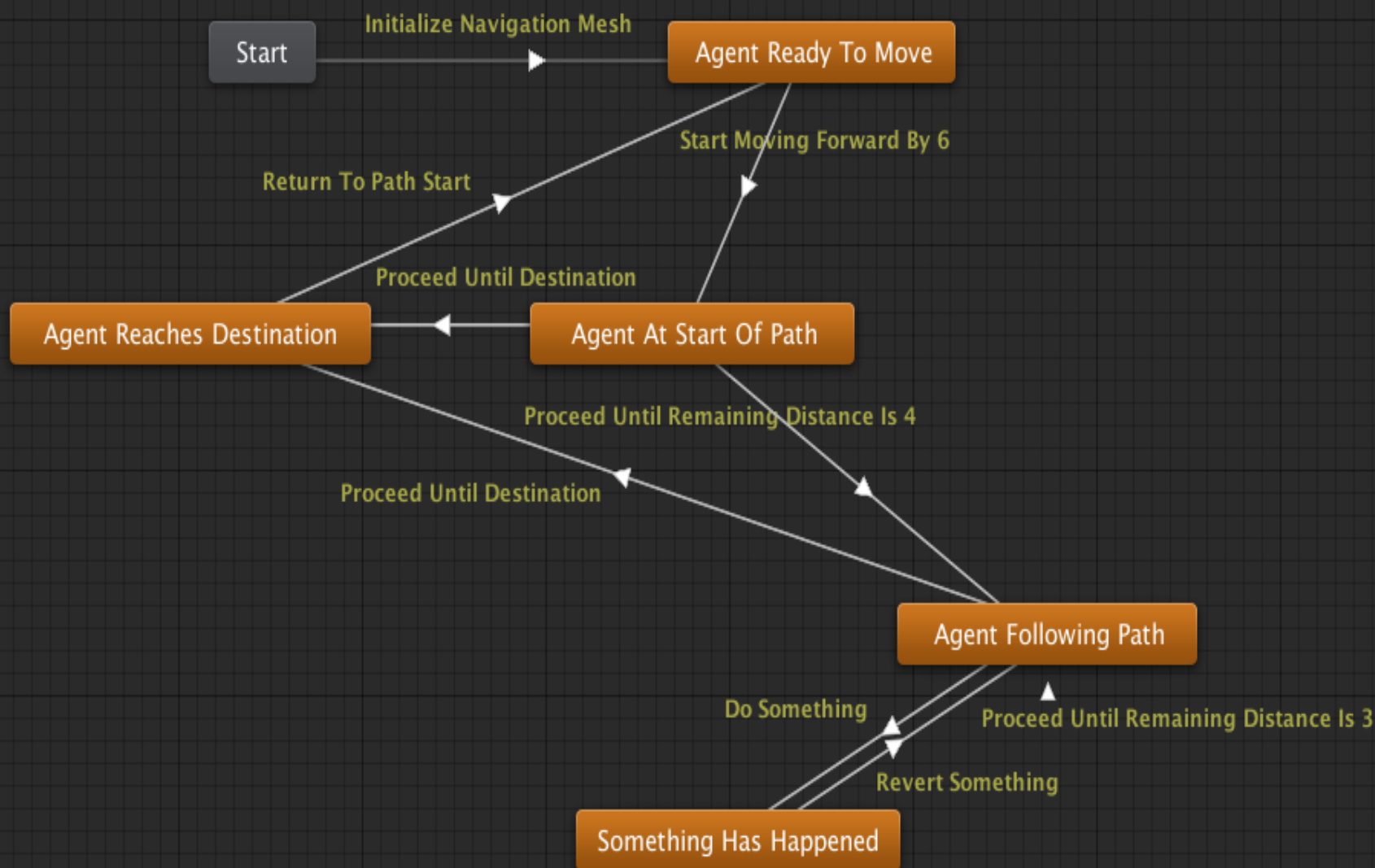
Navigation Mesh Pathfinding

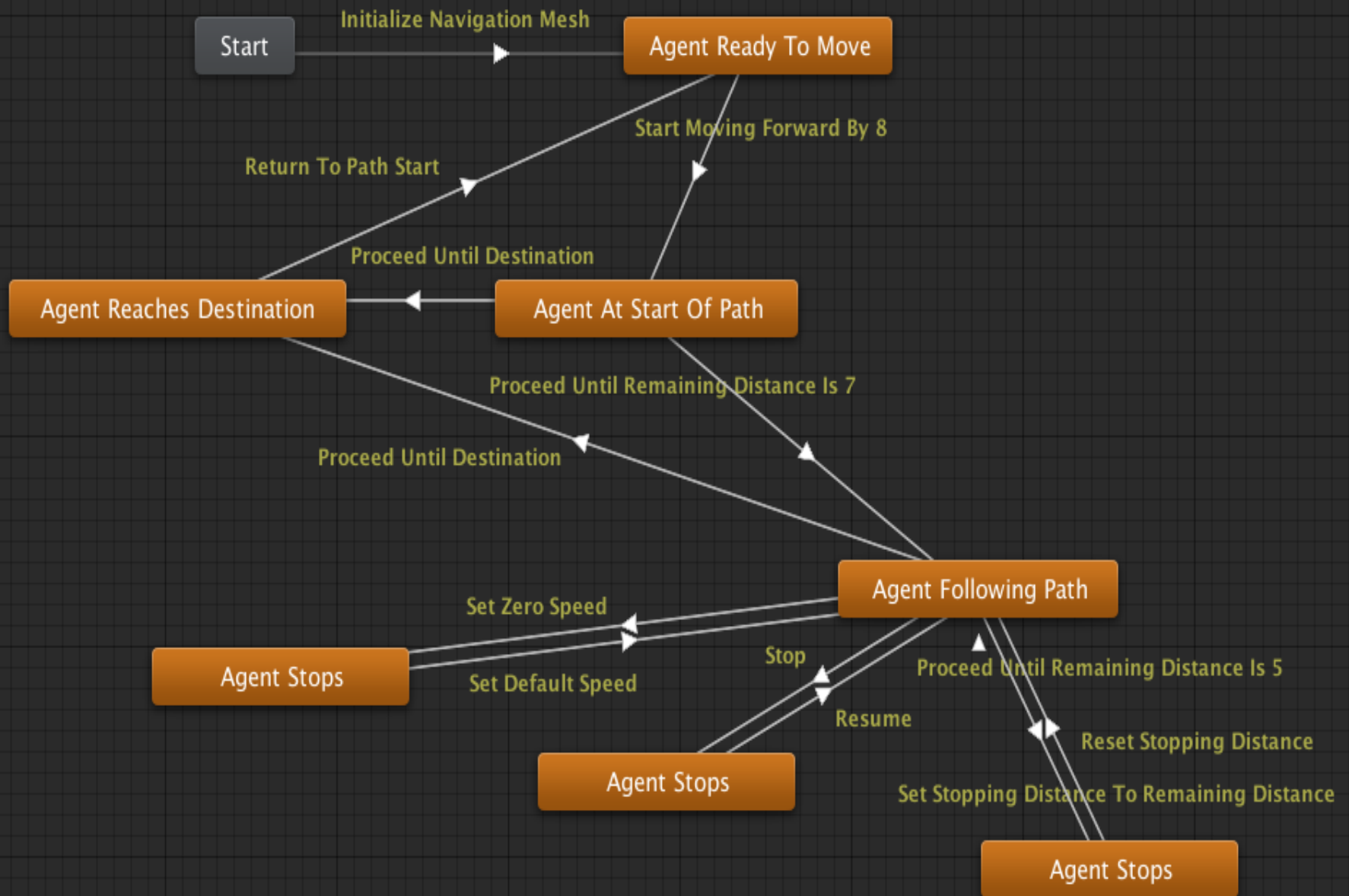


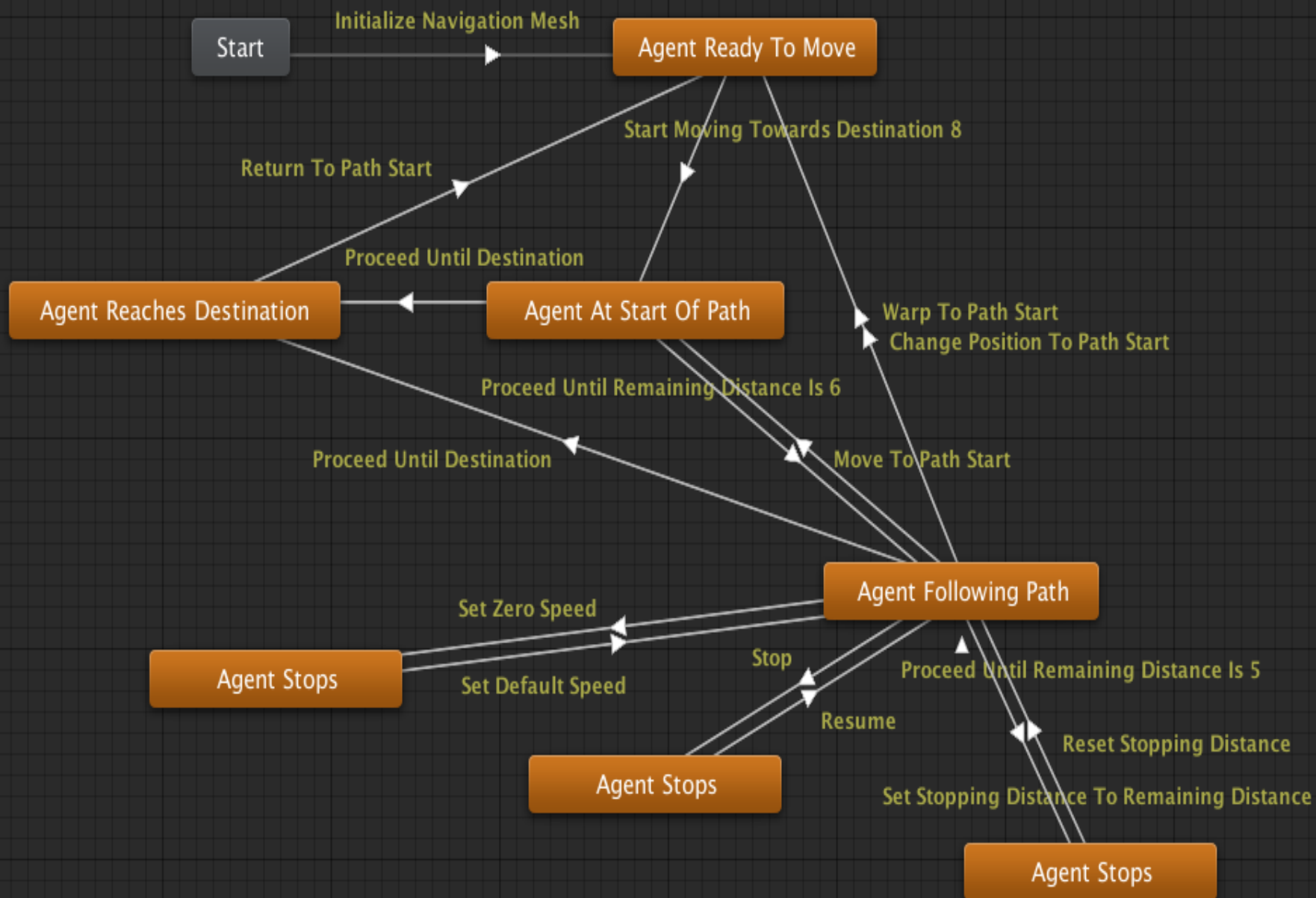
Navigation Mesh Pathfinding Model

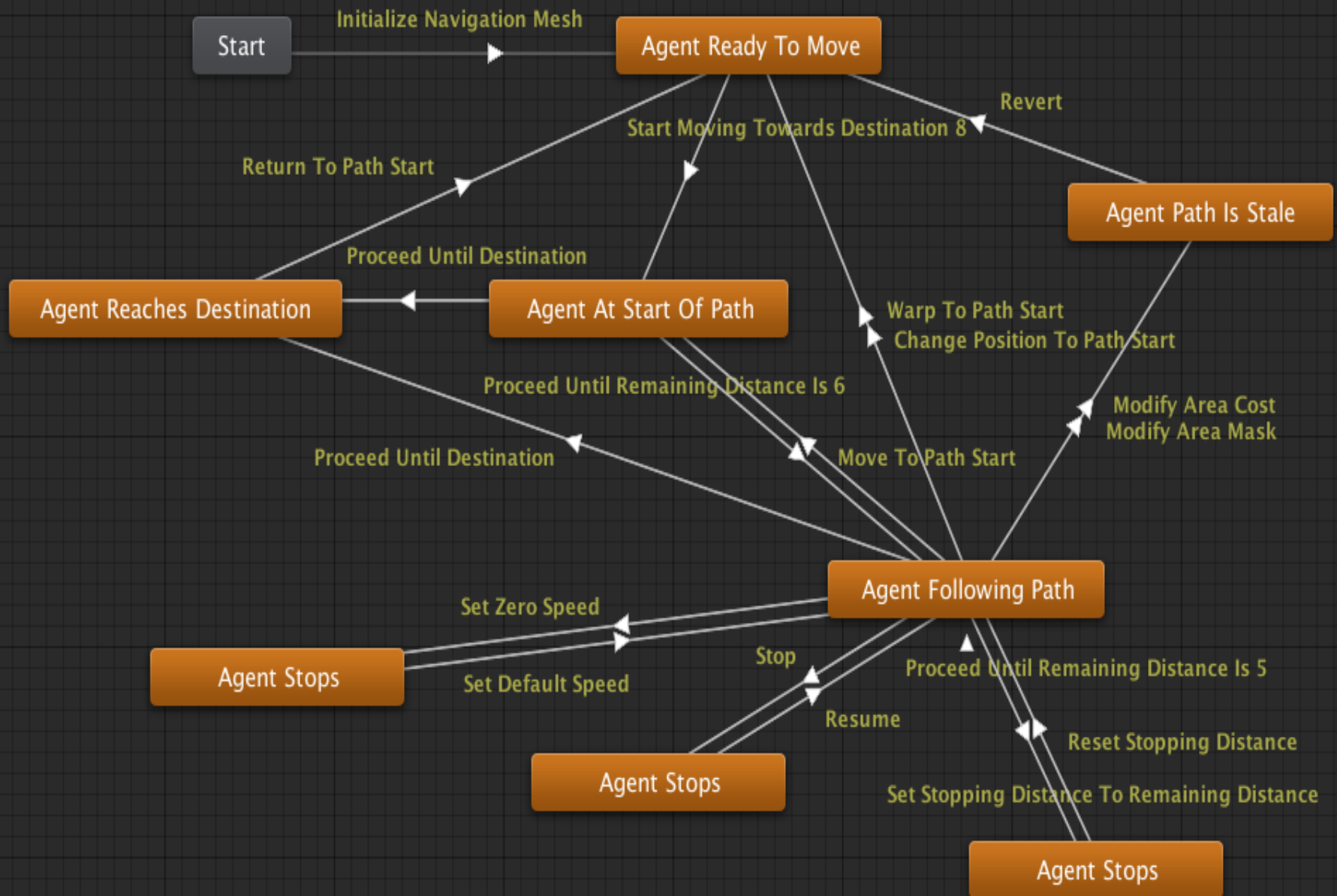
- Scenario: Path traversal towards a defined destination point
- The model scales rather quickly towards coverage equivalent to that of ~ 30 typical unit-level test scenarios
- Modular nature of the implementation makes it well suitable for integration testing against other sub-engines











Conclusions

- **Findings**

- Model Based Testing techniques are very well suited for structured workflow and scenario testing
- Visual model design is a promising platform for sharing and maintaining test design ideas
- Using a lightweight test design workflow often naturally encourages additional system exploration and leads to more interesting test scenarios

- **Demo**

- http://files.unity3d.com/marek/mbt_demo.zip

- **Q & A**

