



Testing
Technologies



Testing Web Services with TTworkbench

An Introduction to TTCN-3 and its Application for
WSDL/SOAP

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Current Problems

- **Systems**

- ▶ Increase in complexity, concurrency, and dynamics
- ▶ Heterogeneous technologies, platforms and tools
- ▶ Rapid change/extension of features and capabilities
- ▶ Security threads and vulnerabilities

- **Processes**

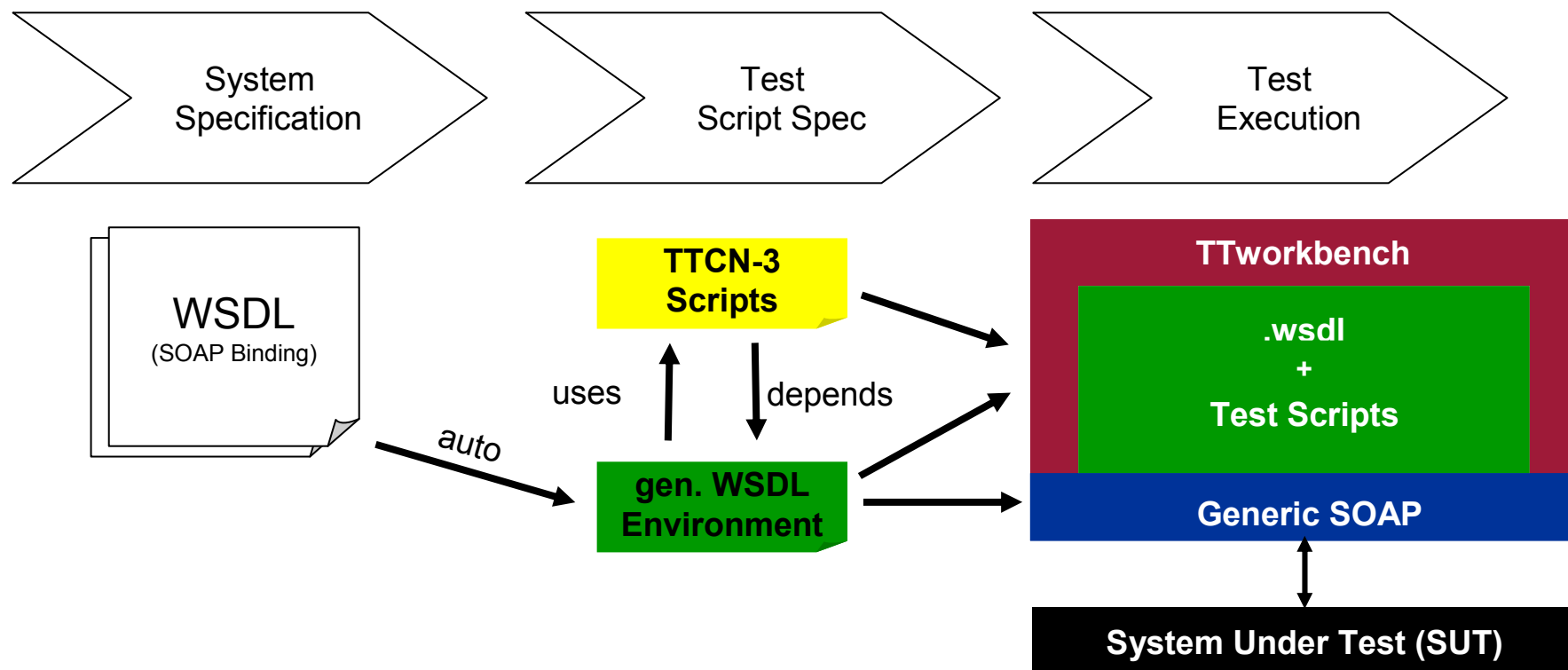
- ▶ Insufficient common terminology between architects, developers, testers, managers
- ▶ Inconsistent documents on requirements, specifications, documentation
- ▶ Lack of test integration
- ▶ Low degree of automation
- ▶ Limited support of cooperative development

Motivation



- **Systems**
 - ▶ Increase in complexity, concurrency, and dynamics
 - ▶ **Heterogeneous technologies, platforms and tools**
 - ▶ **Rapid change/extension of features and capabilities**
 - ▶ Security threads and vulnerabilities
- **Processes**
 - ▶ Insufficient common terminology between architects, developers, testers, managers
 - ▶ Inconsistent documents on requirements, specifications, documentation
 - ▶ **Lack of test integration**
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Workflow



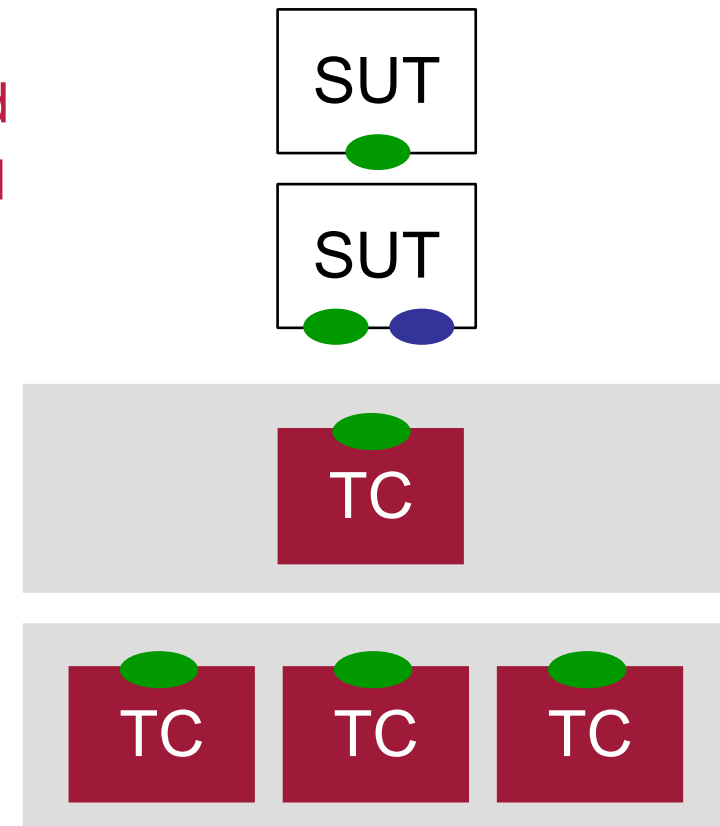
- System specification phase produces WSDL specifications
- Test script specification phase produces test scripts based on generated TTCN-3 WSDL environment (TTCN-3 types and runtime components)
- Test execution phase executes WSDL-based test scripts using SOAP binding against web service

- WSDL/SOAP highlights
 - ▶ Testing of invalid parameter values, i.e. out-of-bounds parameters
 - ▶ Access different web services at the same time, from same components or different components
- TTCN-3 highlights
 - ▶ Automatic import of WSDL specifications into TTCN-3
 - ▶ Multiple test components and multiple-port mapping
 - ▶ Freely combinable with additional test access provided by TTplugins
- Specifications supported
 - ▶ WSDL 1.1 / SOAP 1.1
 - ▶ TTCN-3 v3.2.1 and above

Different Test Scenarios and Requirements

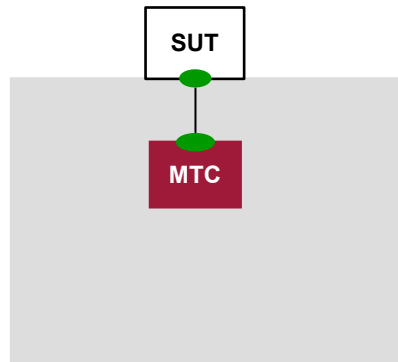
- SUT driven
 1. Only one web service exposed
 2. Multiple web services exposed

- Test aspects
 3. Single client
 4. Multiple concurrent clients

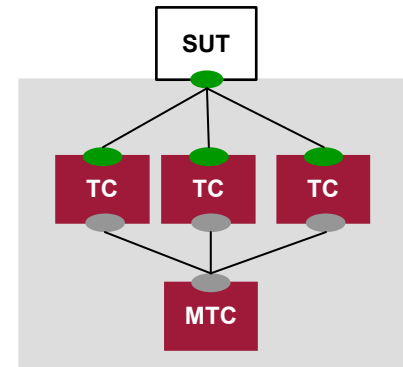


Summary of Test Scenarios

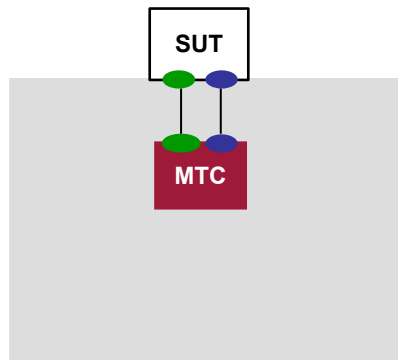
One client
One service
(1-3)



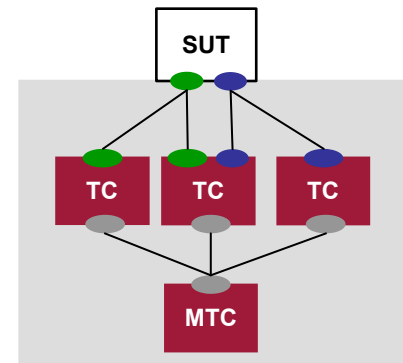
Multi client
One service
(2-3)



One client
Two services
(1-4)

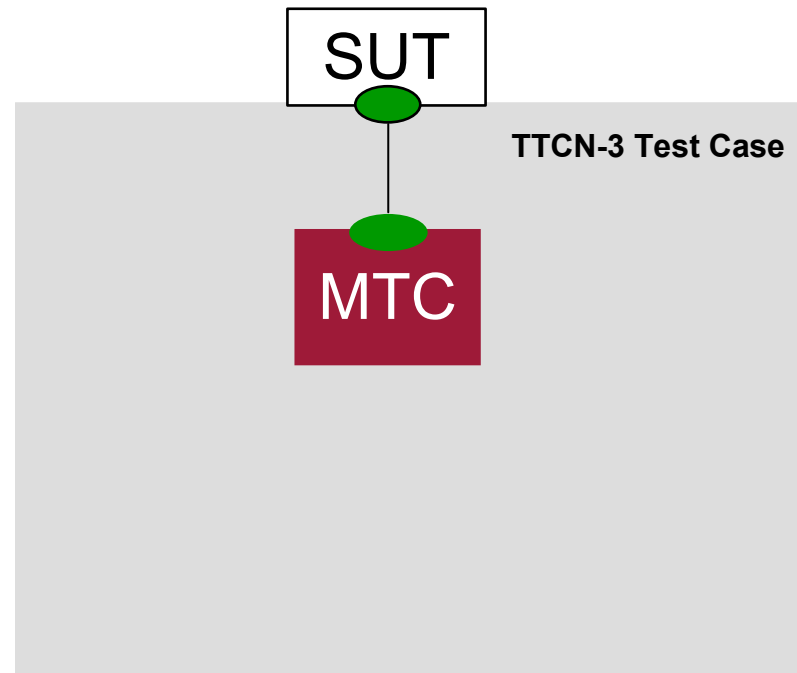


Multi client
Multi services
(2-4)



Dynamics of Scenario 1-3

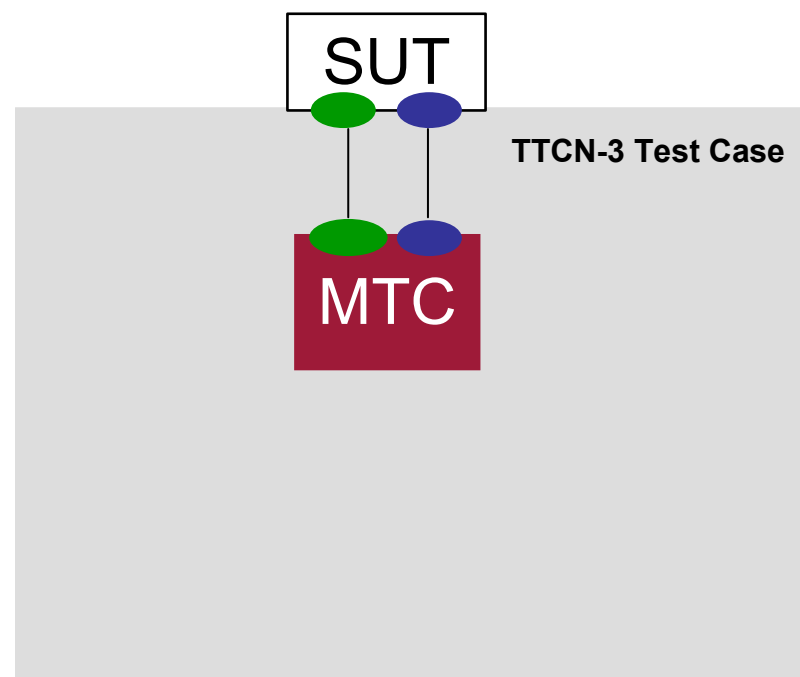
Single Web Service – Single Client



- One client (represented through the MTC) tests one service
- Mainly used for functional testing

Dynamics of Scenario 2-3

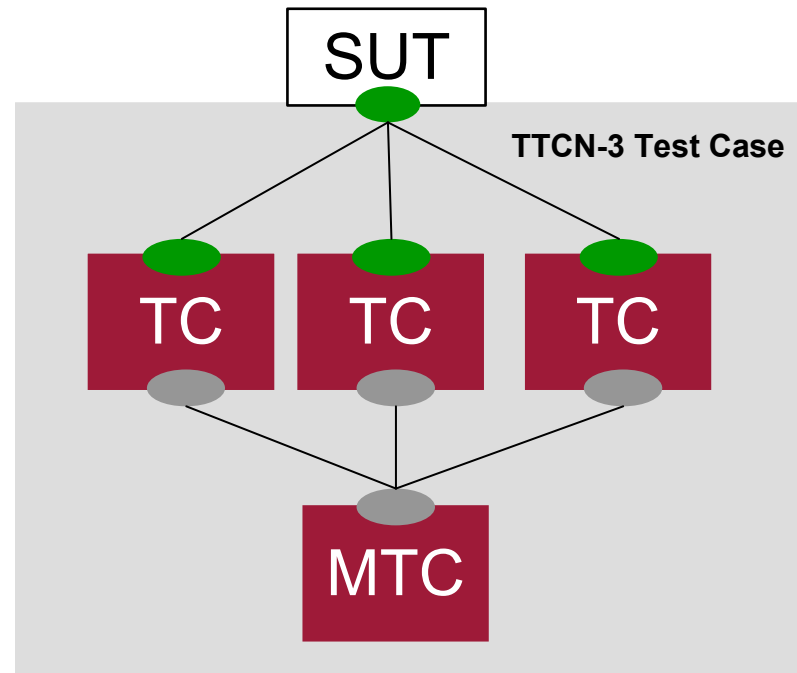
Multiple Web Services – Single Client



- One client uses two interfaces to communicate with the SUT
- Mainly used for integration testing

Dynamics of Scenario 1-4

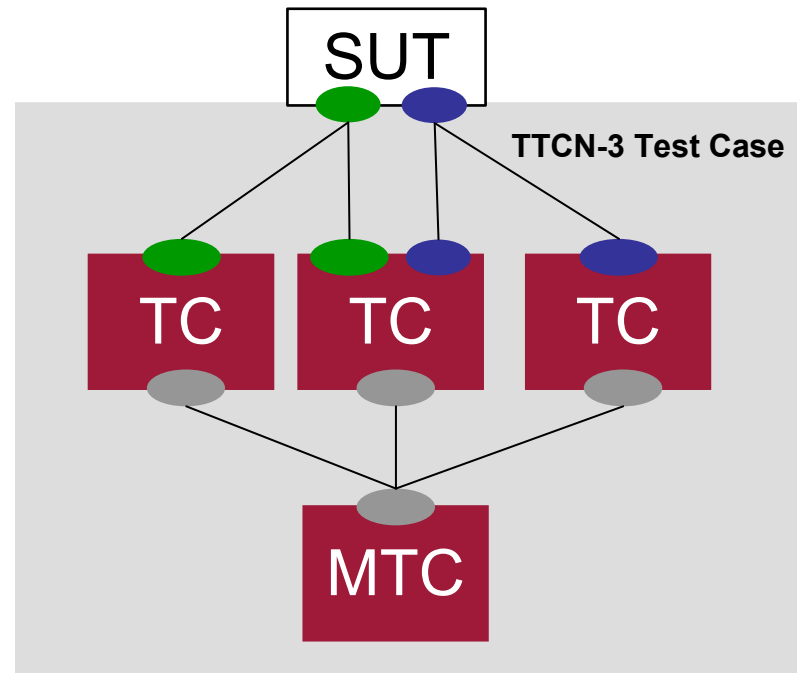
Single Web Service – Multiple Clients



- MTC controls TCs, which execute the test behavior
- Test behavior could always be the same or different behavior
- Mainly used for functional, scalability or load testing

Dynamics of Scenario 2-4

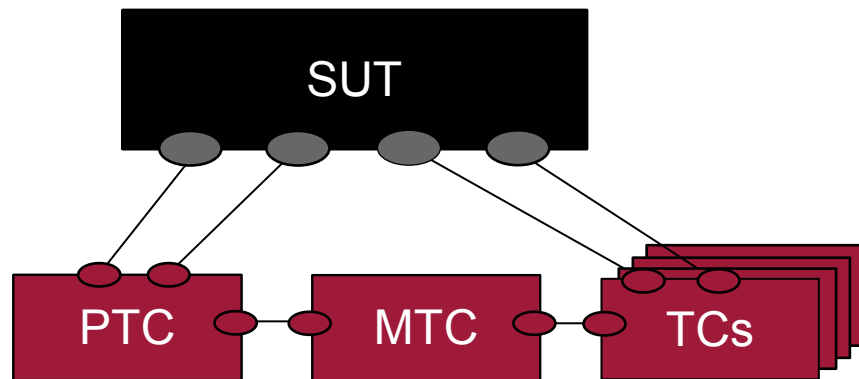
Multiple Web Service – Multiple Client



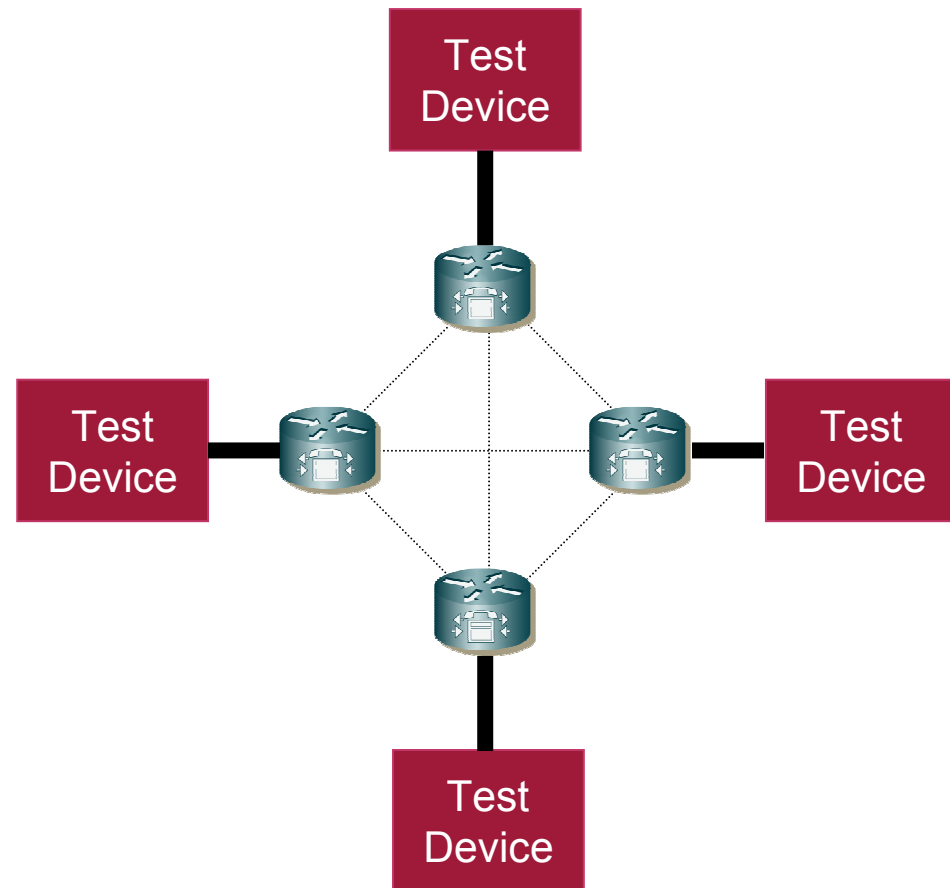
- MTC controls TCs, which execute the test behavior
- Test behavior tests one or more web services
- Mainly used for functional, scalability or load testing

Multiple Test Components Running on Multiple Test Devices

Logical dynamic configuration with TTCN-3

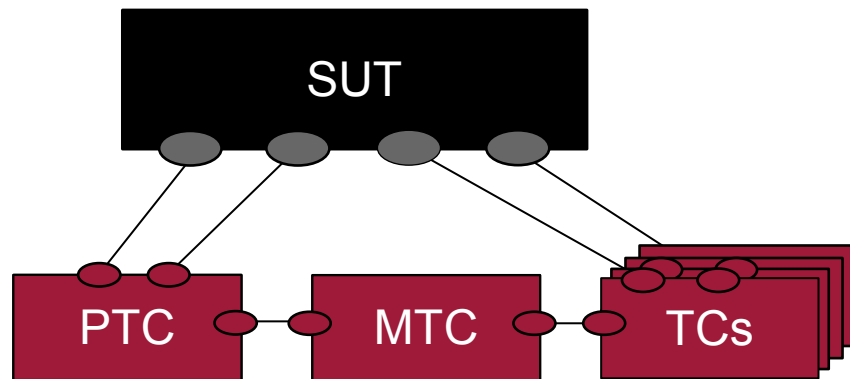


Physical configuration with real test devices

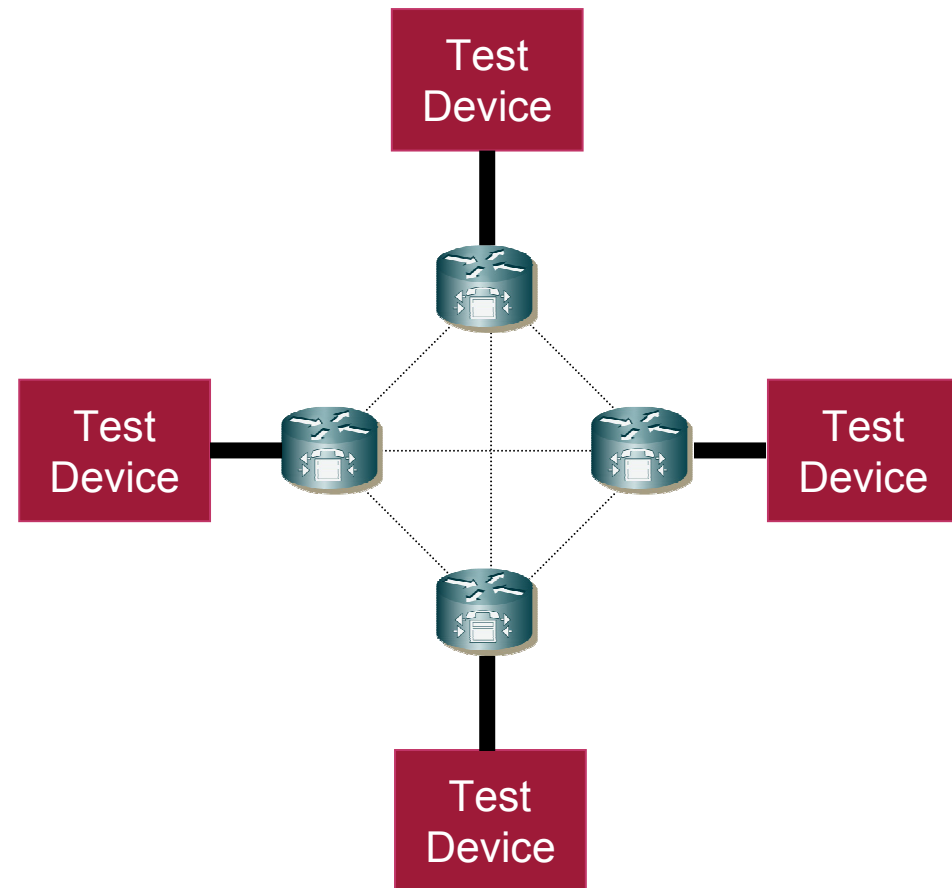


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Logical dynamic configuration with TTCN-3

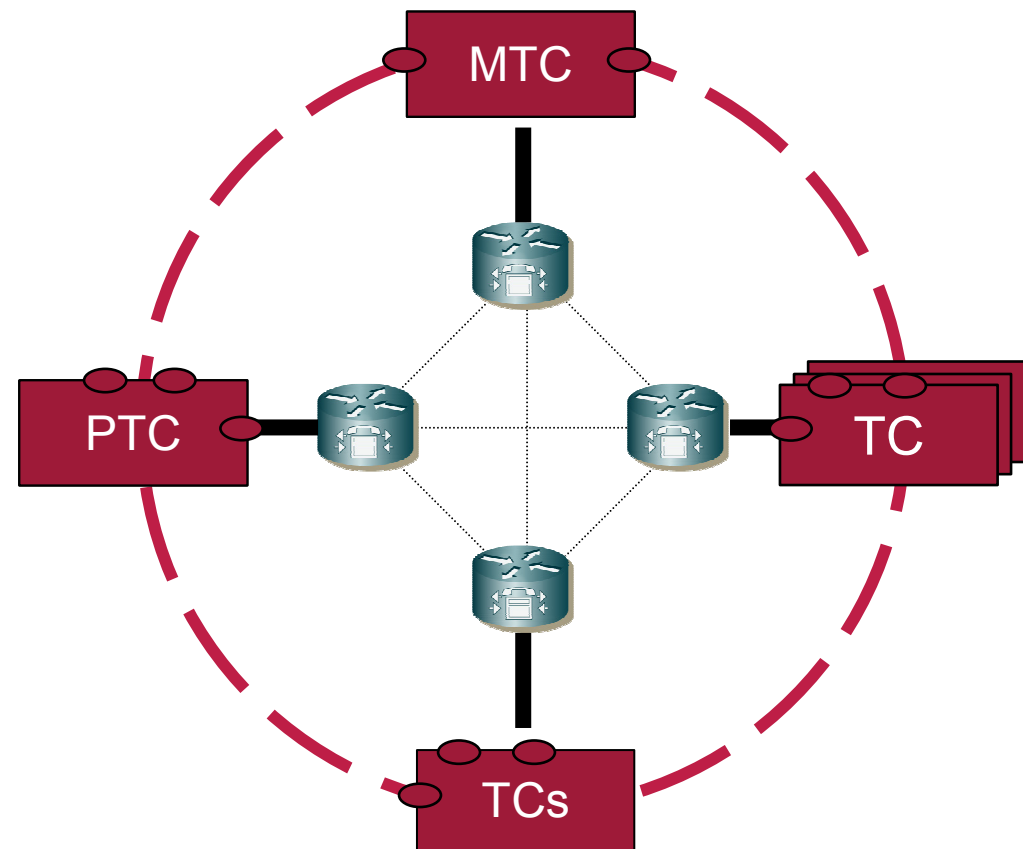


Physical configuration with real test devices



Multiple Test Components Running on Multiple Test Devices

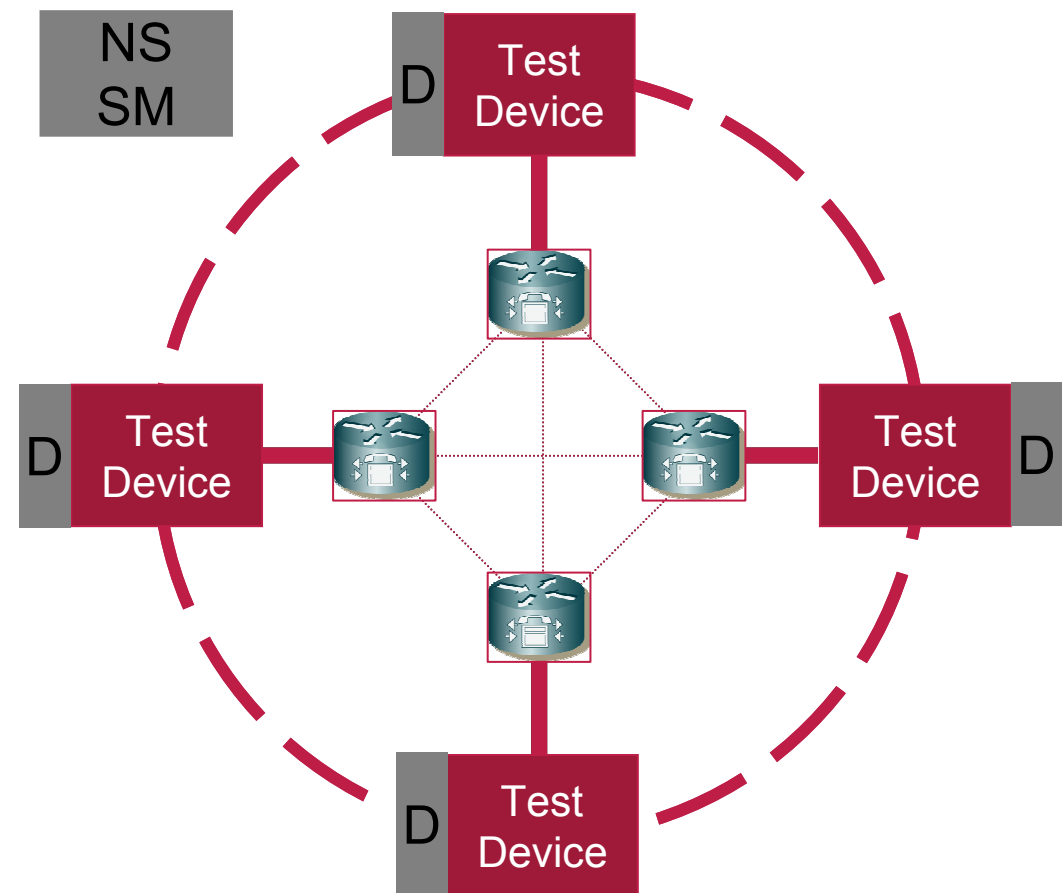
Physical configuration
with real test devices



Ressources Involved

- TTMex Infrastructure
 - ▶ NS: Name Service
 - ▶ SM: Session Manager
- Per Test Device
 - ▶ D: Daemon
 - ▶ C: Container
- Per Test Session F1
 - ▶ Fn: Test Suite and Libraries for device n

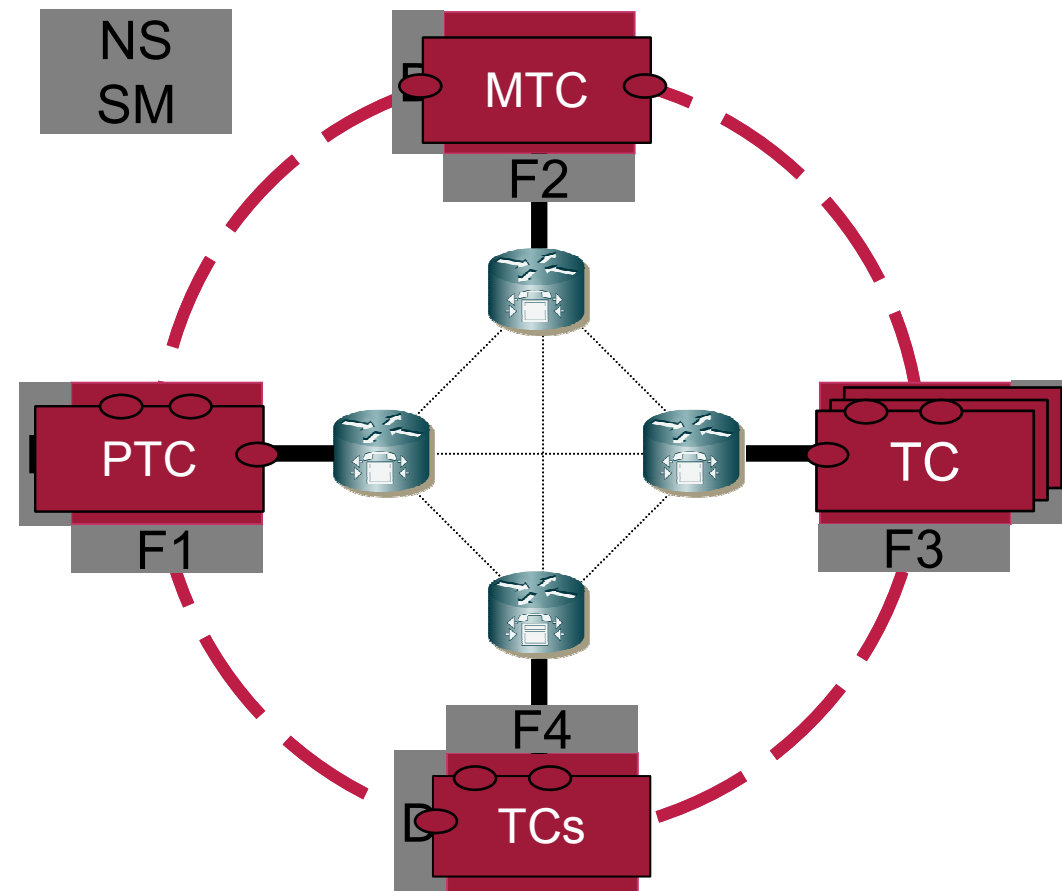
Physical configuration with real test devices



Ressources Involved

- TTMex Infrastructure
 - ▶ NS: Name Service
 - ▶ SM: Session Manager
- Per Test Device
 - ▶ D: Daemon
 - ▶ C: Container
- Per Test Session
 - ▶ Fn: Test Suite and Libraries for device n
- Run the session

Physical configuration with real test devices



Small Example

- GoogleSearch API
 - ▶ Provide a search string with some parameter
 - ▶ Evaluate the returned results
- Use the google WSDL as provided by Google
- Check for
 - ▶ Availability
 - ▶ Content of the result
 - ▶ Responsiveness

A Small Example – WSDL2TTCN3

```
<xsd:complexType name="GoogleSearchResult">
  <xsd:all>
    <xsd:element name="documentFiltering" type="xsd:boolean"/>
    <xsd:element name="searchComments" type="xsd:string"/>
    <xsd:element name="estimatedTotalResultsCount" type="xsd:int"/>
    <xsd:element name="estimateIsExact" type="xsd:boolean"/>
    <xsd:element name="resultElements" type="typens:ResultElementArray"/>
    <xsd:element name="searchQuery" type="xsd:string"/>
    <xsd:element name="startIndex" type="xsd:int"/>
    <xsd:element name="endIndex" type="xsd:int"/>
    <xsd:element name="searchTips" type="xsd:string"/>
    <xsd:element name="directoryCategories" type="typens:DirectoryCategoryArray"/>
    <xsd:element name="searchTime" type="xsd:double"/>
  </xsd:all>
</xsd:complexType>
```

GoogleSearch.wsdl

```
type record GoogleSearchResult {
  boolean documentFiltering,
  charstring searchComments,
  integer estimatedTotalResultsCount,
  boolean estimateIsExact,
  record of ResultElement resultElements,
  charstring searchQuery,
  integer startIndex,
  integer endIndex,
  charstring searchTips,
  record of DirectoryCategory directoryCategories,
  float searchTime
}
```

GoogleSearchTypes.ttcn3

A Small Example – WSDL2TTCN3

```
...
<message name="doGoogleSearch">
  <part name="key" type="xsd:string"/>
  <part name="q" type="xsd:string"/>
  <part name="start" type="xsd:int"/>
  <part name="maxResults" type="xsd:int"/>
  <part name="filter" type="xsd:boolean"/>
  <part name="restrict" type="xsd:string"/>
  <part name="safeSearch" type="xsd:boolean"/>
  <part name="lr" type="xsd:string"/>
  <part name="ie" type="xsd:string"/>
  <part name="oe" type="xsd:string"/>
</message>

<message name="doGoogleSearchResponse">
  <part name="return" type="typens:GoogleSearchResult"/>
</message>

<portType name="GoogleSearchPort">
...

  <operation name="doGoogleSearch">
    <input message="typens:doGoogleSearch"/>
    <output message="typens:doGoogleSearchResponse"/>
  </operation>
</portType>

GoogleSearch.wsdl
```

```
signature doGoogleSearch (
  in charstring key,
  in charstring q,
  in integer start_,
  in integer maxResults,
  in boolean filter,
  in charstring restrict,
  in boolean safeSearch,
  in charstring lr,
  in charstring ie,
  in charstring oe
)
return GoogleSearchResult;

GoogleSearchSignatures.ttcn3
```

```
type port GoogleSearchPort procedure {
  inout doGetCachedPage; // REQUEST_RESPONSE,1
  inout doSpellingSuggestion; // REQUEST_RESPONSE
  inout doGoogleSearch; // REQUEST_RESPONSE,1
}

GoogleSearchPorts.ttcn3
```

A Small Example – WSDL Test Script



```

testcase TestSearch() runs on Client system SUT {
  map(self:gp, system:gp) ;

  gp.call(doGoogleSearch:gs, 2.0) {
    [] gp.getreply(gs value expectedResults) {
      setverdict(pass) ;
    }
    [] gp.catch { setverdict(fail); }
  }
}

```

Components describing the SUT and which ports are used

Template describing the search

Template describing the expected result

GoogleSearchTest.ttcn3

```

type component SUT { port GoogleSearchPort gp; }
type component Client extends SUT { } ;

```

A test case is quite simple

```

template doGoogleSearch gs := {

```

1. Build the configuration

```

  key := "TTCN-3 rocks",
  q := "",
  start := 1,
  maxResults := 100,
  filter := false,
  restrict := "",
  safeSearch := false,
  lr := "",
  ie := "",
  oe := ""
}

```

2. Call the operation

Use the parameters from a template
- wait at most 2 seconds

```

template GoogleSearchResult expectedResults := {
  documentFiltering := false,
  searchComments := ?,
  estimatedTotalResultsCount := (200 .. infinity),

```

3. Describe the expected return value
Use the parameters from a template

```

  estimatedTotalResultsCount := ?,
  resultElements := ?,
  searchQuery := ?,
  startIndex := ?,
  endIndex := ?,
  searchTips := ?,
  directoryCategories := ?,
  searchTime := (0.0 .. 0.2)
}

```

4. Catch the timeout

What happens if SUT is too slow?

GoogleSearchTest.ttcn3

Conclusion

- TTsuite-WSDL/SOAP offers zero-coding features for test execution
- Plug-in concept enables free combination of WSDL/SOAP support in different contexts
- Leverages TTCN-3 towards API testing support
- Problems
 - ▶ Heterogeneous technologies, platforms and tools
 - ▶ Rapid change/extension of features and capabilities
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Questions?

Thank You!